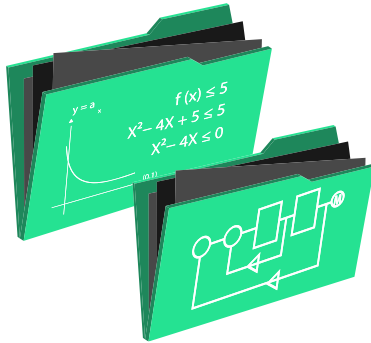




## OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB Algorithms and function software libraries



Rich collection of advanced software and automotive algorithms optimized for OLEA<sup>®</sup> FPCU, boosting application performance and enabling rapid time to market

- Configurable and customizable complex algorithms
- Cutting edge Inverter, DC-DC converter and OBC control systems
- x40 computation speed improvement on advanced mathematical and computation functions
- Design and development turnaround in minutes with full integration into OLEA<sup>®</sup> COMPOSER

### Customize and boost your control system

Boosted performance: Software and algorithms included into OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB have been optimized for OLEA<sup>®</sup> FPCU and take all the benefits of the hardware resources and accelerators available (mathematical units, DSP functions and standard peripherals) to deliver the highest achievable performance and integration.

Shorten development times : By using OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB , developers drastically reduce the time required to develop, optimize, test and calibrate their algorithm's on OLEA<sup>®</sup> FPCU.



OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB System: Efficient System Functions

OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB Algo: Specialized and Enhanced Algorithms

OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB Math: Accelerated Mathematical Functions

Libraries comes as building blocks available as Reference and Target Models for MATLAB<sup>®</sup> Simulink, or as HDL pre-defined blocks, and tuned for best use of OLEA<sup>®</sup> FPCU. Models out of OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB are directly usable within OLEA<sup>®</sup> COMPOSER for MiL simulations and automatic code generation.

#### OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB Math

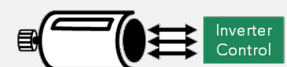
- COordinate Rotation Digital Computer
- Division operator
- Square Root operator
- Matrix Multiplier
- PID

#### OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB Algo

- Clarke and Park current transform
- Decoupling and Flux Weakening
- Inverse Park / Clarke voltage
- Space Vector Modulation PWM
- ID/IQ Regulations
- Motor Speed Regulation
- Tracking loop position estimator (Magnetic Resistive, Resolver...)
- Sensorless position estimation (Start-up/ Low-speed /High speed)
- Buck-Boost DC/DC regulation

#### OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB System

Inverter Control (FoC)



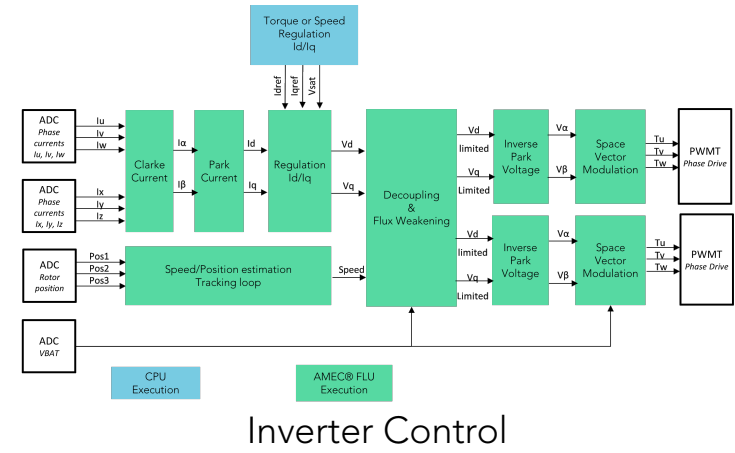
DC-DC Converter Control



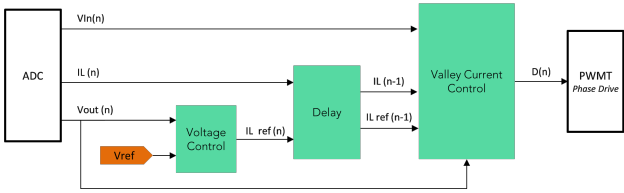
On Board Charger Control



# OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB System Features



Inverter Control



DC-DC Converter Control

Complete inverter control for PMSM or WRSM motors based on field oriented control and space vector modulation algorithms.

All system functions include:

- MATLAB / Simulink reference model
- MATLAB / Simulink target model ready for code generation

Buck-Boost Valley Current control function supporting up to 6 DC-DC converters in parallel.

- Configurable parameters via GUI
- Diagnostic functions

# OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB Algorithm Features

- Speed regulation with D/Q-Axis control PI regulators with Anti Wind-up. DQ-axis Reference current computation
- Torque control with D/Q-Axis reference current computation
- Clarke Current: 3 to 2 phases or 6 to 2 phases current transformation
- Park Current: 2 phases current rotation from  $\alpha\beta$  to DQ framework
- Inverse Park Voltage: DQ framework reference voltage transform into  $\alpha\beta$  voltage space vector
- DQ-axis Decoupling and flux weakening
- IDQ regulation from torque set point
- Space Vector Modulation
- Position and speed estimation based on Tracking-loop algorithm
- Position and speed estimation: for standstill, low-speed and high-speed operating modes
- Buck-Boost valley current control
- Voltage control

# OLEA<sup>®</sup> LIB Math Features

Operator	Description	Exec. Cycles	# of Operators*
CORDIC (COrdinate Rotation Dligital Computer)	<div><div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <math>x \cdot \cos(\theta) - y \cdot \sin(\theta)</math></li><li>• <math>y \cdot \cos(\theta) + x \cdot \sin(\theta)</math></li><li>• <math>\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)</math></li><li>• <math>\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}</math></li></ul></div><div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <math>x \cdot \cosh(\theta) - y \sinh(\theta)</math></li><li>• <math>y \cdot \cosh(\theta) + x \sinh(\theta)</math></li><li>• <math>\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)</math> with <math>\frac{y}{x} \in [-0,8; 0,8]</math></li><li>• <math>\sqrt{x^2 - y^2}</math> with <math>\frac{y}{x} \in [-0,8; 0,8]</math></li></ul></div></div>	Resolution in bit + 4	• 6 in parallel
Division	$A/B = \textit{Quotient with remainder}$	26	• 3 in parallel
Square root	<div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <math>\sqrt{R}</math> in unsigned mode</li><li>• <math>\sqrt{ R }</math> in signed mode</li></ul></div>	2	• 3 in parallel
Matrix Multiplier	<div><div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <math>\begin{bmatrix} r_0 \\ r_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_0 &amp; a_1 &amp; a_2 &amp; a_3 &amp; a_4 &amp; a_5 \\ a_6 &amp; a_7 &amp; a_8 &amp; a_9 &amp; a_{10} &amp; a_{11} \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} b_0 \\ b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \\ b_4 \\ b_5 \end{bmatrix}</math></li></ul></div><div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <math>r_0 = \sum_{i=0}^{iter} (a_i \times b_i \gg Q_f)</math></li><li>• <math>r_1 = \sum_{i=0}^{iter} (a_{i+6} \times b_i \gg Q_f)</math></li></ul></div></div>	Iter + 4	• 3 in parallel
PID (Proportional Integral Derivative controller)	Saturation with Anti-windup: <div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Back calculation : if saturation then <math>integral_n = K_i \times e_n - K_b (pid_{n-1} - pid\_sat_{n-1}) + integral_{n-1}</math></li><li>▪ Integral clamping : if saturation and <math>sign(pid_{n-1})=sign(e_{n-1})</math> then <math>integral_n = integral_{n-1}</math></li></ul></div>	8	• 6 in parallel

\*OLEA LIB Math is using hardware dedicated resources available in OLEA